AM	MENDMENT NO	Calendar No
Pu	urpose: In the nature of a substitu	ate.
IN	THE SENATE OF THE UNITED ST	ATES-111th Cong., 2d Sess.
	H. R. 231	4
То	United States relationship witto provide a process for the States of the Native Hawaiian	th Native Hawaiians and recognition by the United
R	Referred to the Committee on ordered to be p	orinted and
	Ordered to lie on the table	and to be printed
A	AMENDMENT In the Nature of a proposed by	
Viz	Z:	
1	Strike all after the enacting	g clause and insert the fol-
2	lowing:	
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.	
4	This Act may be cited as t	che "Native Hawaiian Gov-
5	ernment Reorganization Act of	2010".
6	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.	
7	Congress finds that—	
8	(1) the Constitution v	rests Congress with the au-
9	thority to address the cor	nditions of the indigenous,
10	native people of the Unite	d States and the Supreme
11	Court has held that und	er the Indian Commerce,

1	Treaty, Supremacy, and Property Clauses, and the
2	War Powers, Congress may exercise that power to
3	rationally promote the welfare of the native peoples
4	of the United States so long as the native people are
5	a "distinctly native community";
6	(2) Native Hawaiians, the native people of the
7	Hawaiian archipelago that is now part of the United
8	States, are 1 of the indigenous, native peoples of the
9	United States, and the Native Hawaiian people are
10	a distinctly native community;
11	(3) the United States has a special political and
12	legal relationship with, and has long enacted legisla-
13	tion to promote the welfare of, the native peoples of
14	the United States, including the Native Hawaiian
15	people;
16	(4) under the authority of the Constitution, the
17	United States concluded a number of treaties with
18	the Kingdom of Hawaii, and from 1826 until 1893,
19	the United States—
20	(A) recognized the sovereignty of the King-
21	dom of Hawaii as a nation;
22	(B) accorded full diplomatic recognition to
23	the Kingdom of Hawaii; and
24	(C) entered into treaties and conventions
25	of peace, friendship and commerce with the

1	Aingdom of Hawaii to govern trade, commerce,
2	and navigation in 1826, 1842, 1849, 1875, and
3	1887;
4	(5) pursuant to the Hawaiian Homes Commis-
5	sion Act, 1920 (42 Stat. 108, chapter 42), the
6	United States set aside approximately 203,500 acres
7	of land in trust to better address the conditions of
8	Native Hawaiians in the Federal territory that later
9	became the State of Hawaii and in enacting the Ha-
10	waiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, Congress ac-
11	knowledged the Native Hawaiian people as a native
12	people of the United States, as evidenced by the
13	Committee Report, which notes that Congress relied
14	on the Indian affairs power and the War Powers, in-
15	cluding the power to make peace;
16	(6) by setting aside 203,500 acres of land in
17	trust for Native Hawaiian homesteads and farms,
18	the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, assists
19	the members of the Native Hawaiian community in
20	maintaining distinctly native communities through-
21	out the State of Hawaii;
22	(7) approximately 9,800 Native Hawaiian fami-
23	lies reside on the Hawaiian Home Lands, and ap-
24	proximately 25,000 Native Hawaiians who are eligi-
25	ble to reside on the Hawaiian Home Lands are on

1	a waiting list to receive assignments of Hawaiian
2	Home Lands;
3	(8)(A) in 1959, as part of the compact with the
4	United States admitting Hawaii into the Union,
5	Congress delegated the authority and responsibility
6	to administer the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act,
7	1920, lands in trust for Native Hawaiians and es-
8	tablished a new public trust (commonly known as
9	the "ceded lands trust"), for 5 purposes, 1 of which
10	is the betterment of the conditions of Native Hawai-
11	ians, and Congress thereby reaffirmed its recogni-
12	tion of the Native Hawaiians as a distinctly native
13	community with a direct lineal and historical succes-
14	sion to the aboriginal, indigenous people of Hawaii;
15	(B) the public trust consists of lands, including
16	submerged lands, natural resources, and the reve-
17	nues derived from the lands; and
18	(C) the assets of this public trust have never
19	been completely inventoried or segregated;
20	(9) Native Hawaiians have continuously sought
21	access to the ceded lands in order to establish and
22	maintain native settlements and distinct native com-
23	munities throughout the State;
24	(10) the Hawaiian Home Lands and other
25	ceded lands provide important native land reserves

1 and resources for the Native Hawaiian community 2 to maintain the practice of Native Hawaiian culture, 3 language, and traditions, and for the continuity, sur-4 vival, and economic self-sufficiency of the Native 5 Hawaiian people as a distinctly native political com-6 munity; 7 (11) Native Hawaiians continue to maintain 8 other distinctly native areas in Hawaii, including na-9 tive lands that date back to the ali'i and kuleana 10 lands reserved under the Kingdom of Hawaii; 11 (12) through the Sovereign Council of Hawaiian 12 Homelands Assembly and Native Hawaiian home-13 stead associations, Native Hawaiian civic associa-14 tions, charitable trusts established by the Native Ha-15 waiian ali'i, nonprofit native service providers and 16 other community associations, the Native Hawaiian 17 people have actively maintained native traditions and 18 customary usages throughout the Native Hawaiian 19 community and the Federal and State courts have 20 continuously recognized the right of the Native Ha-21 waiian people to engage in certain customary prac-22 tices and usages on public lands; 23 (13) on November 23, 1993, public law 103– 24 150 (107 Stat. 1510) (commonly known as the 25 "Apology Resolution") was enacted into law, extend-

1	ing an apology to Native Hawaiians on behalf of the
2	people of the United States for the United States'
3	role in the overthrow of the Kingdom of Hawaii;
4	(14) the Apology Resolution acknowledges that
5	the overthrow of the Kingdom of Hawaii occurred
6	with the active participation of agents and citizens
7	of the United States, and further acknowledges that
8	the Native Hawaiian people never directly relin-
9	quished to the United States their claims to their in-
10	herent sovereignty as a people over their national
11	lands, either through the Kingdom of Hawaii or
12	through a plebiscite or referendum;
13	(15)(A) the Apology Resolution expresses the
14	commitment of Congress and the President—
15	(i) to acknowledge the ramifications of the
16	overthrow of the Kingdom of Hawaii; and
17	(ii) to support reconciliation efforts be-
18	tween the United States and Native Hawaiians;
19	(B) Congress established the Office of Hawai-
20	ian Relations within the Department of the Interior
21	with 1 of its purposes being to consult with Native
22	Hawaiians on the reconciliation process; and
23	(C) the United States has the duty to reconcile
24	and reaffirm its friendship with the Native Hawaiian
25	people because, among other things, the United

States Minister and United States naval forces par-
ticipated in the overthrow of the Kingdom of Ha-
waii;
(16)(A) despite the overthrow of the Govern-
ment of the Kingdom of Hawaii, Native Hawaiians
have continued to maintain their separate identity as
a single distinctly native political community
through cultural, social, and political institutions,
and to give expression to their rights as native peo-
ple to self-determination, self-governance, and eco-
nomic self-sufficiency; and
(B) there is clear continuity between the ab-
original, indigenous, native people of the Kingdom of
Hawaii and their successors, the Native Hawaiian
people today;
(17) Native Hawaiians have also given expres-
sion to their rights as native people to self-deter-
mination, self-governance, and economic self-suffi-
ciency—
(A) through the provision of governmental
services to Native Hawaiians, including the pro-
vision of—
(i) health care services;
(ii) educational programs;

1	(iii) employment and training pro-
2	grams;
3	(iv) economic development assistance
4	programs;
5	(v) children's services;
6	(vi) conservation programs;
7	(vii) fish and wildlife protection;
8	(viii) agricultural programs;
9	(ix) native language immersion pro-
10	grams;
11	(x) native language immersion schools
12	from kindergarten through high school;
13	(xi) college and master's degree pro-
14	grams in native language immersion in-
15	struction; and
16	(xii) traditional justice programs; and
17	(B) by continuing their efforts to enhance
18	Native Hawaiian self-determination and local
19	control;
20	(18) Native Hawaiian people are actively en-
21	gaged in Native Hawaiian cultural practices, tradi-
22	tional agricultural methods, fishing and subsistence
23	practices, maintenance of cultural use areas and sa-
24	cred sites, protection of burial sites, and the exercise

1	of their traditional rights to gather medicinal plants
2	and herbs, and food sources;
3	(19) the Native Hawaiian people wish to pre-
4	serve, develop, and transmit to future generations of
5	Native Hawaiians their lands and Native Hawaiian
6	political and cultural identity in accordance with
7	their traditions, beliefs, customs and practices, lan-
8	guage, and social and political institutions, to con-
9	trol and manage their own lands, including ceded
10	lands, and to achieve greater self-determination over
11	their own affairs;
12	(20) this Act provides a process within the
13	framework of Federal law for the Native Hawaiian
14	people to exercise their inherent rights as a distinct,
15	indigenous, native community to reorganize a single
16	unified Native Hawaiian governing entity for the
17	purpose of giving expression to their rights as a na-
18	tive people to self-determination and self-governance;
19	(21) Congress—
20	(A) has declared that the United States
21	has a special political and legal relationship for
22	the welfare of the native peoples of the United
23	States, including Native Hawaiians;
24	(B) has identified Native Hawaiians as an
25	indigenous, distinctly native people of the

1	United States within the scope of its authority
2	under the Constitution, and has enacted scores
3	of statutes on their behalf; and
4	(C) has delegated broad authority to the
5	State of Hawaii to administer some of the
6	United States' responsibilities as they relate to
7	the Native Hawaiian people and their lands;
8	(22) the United States has recognized and re-
9	affirmed the special political and legal relationship
10	with the Native Hawaiian people through the enact-
11	ment of the Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the
12	admission of the State of Hawaii into the Union",
13	approved March 18, 1959 (Public Law 86–3; 73
14	Stat. 4), by—
15	(A) ceding to the State of Hawaii title to
16	the public lands formerly held by the United
17	States, and mandating that those lands be held
18	as a public trust for 5 purposes, 1 of which is
19	for the betterment of the conditions of Native
20	Hawaiians; and
21	(B) transferring the United States respon-
22	sibility for the administration of the Hawaiian
23	Home Lands to the State of Hawaii, but retain-
24	ing the exclusive right of the United States to
25	consent to any actions affecting the lands in-

1	cluded in the trust and any amendments to the
2	Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920 (42
3	Stat. 108, chapter 42), that are enacted by the
4	legislature of the State of Hawaii affecting the
5	beneficiaries under the Act;
6	(23) the United States has continually recog-
7	nized and reaffirmed that—
8	(A) Native Hawaiians have a direct genea-
9	logical, cultural, historic, and land-based con-
10	nection to their forebears, the aboriginal, indig-
11	enous, native people who exercised original sov-
12	ereignty over the Hawaiian Islands;
13	(B) Native Hawaiians have never relin-
14	quished their claims to sovereignty or their sov-
15	ereign lands;
16	(C) the United States extends services to
17	Native Hawaiians because of their unique sta-
18	tus as the native people of a prior-sovereign na-
19	tion with whom the United States has a special
20	political and legal relationship; and
21	(D) the special relationship of American
22	Indians, Alaska Natives, and Native Hawaiians
23	to the United States arises out of their status
24	as aboriginal, indigenous, native people of the
25	United States; and

(24) the State of Hawaii supports the reaffir-1 2 mation of the special political and legal relationship 3 between the Native Hawaiian governing entity and 4 the United States, as evidenced by 2 unanimous res-5 olutions enacted by the Hawaii State Legislature in 6 the 2000 and 2001 sessions of the Legislature and 7 by the testimony of the Governor of the State of Ha-8 waii before the Committee on Indian Affairs of the 9 Senate on February 25, 2003, and March 1, 2005.

10 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

11 In this Act:

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- 12 (1) ABORIGINAL, INDIGENOUS, NATIVE PEO13 PLE.—The term "aboriginal, indigenous, native peo14 ple" means a people whom Congress has recognized
 15 as the original inhabitants of the lands that later be16 came part of the United States and who exercised
 17 sovereignty in the areas that later became part of
 18 the United States.
 - (2) APOLOGY RESOLUTION.—The term "Apology Resolution" means Public Law 103–150 (107 Stat. 1510), a Joint Resolution extending an apology to Native Hawaiians on behalf of the United States for the participation of agents of the United States in the January 17, 1893, overthrow of the Kingdom of Hawaii.

1	(3) Commission.—The term "Commission"
2	means the Commission established under section
3	8(b).
4	(4) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the
5	Native Hawaiian Interim Governing Council estab-
6	lished under section $8(c)(2)$.
7	(5) Indian program or service.—
8	(A) In General.—The term "Indian pro-
9	gram or service" means any federally funded or
10	authorized program or service provided to an
11	Indian tribe (or member of an Indian tribe) be-
12	cause of the status of the members of the In-
13	dian tribe as Indians.
14	(B) Inclusions.—The term "Indian pro-
15	gram or service" includes a program or service
16	provided by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the
17	Indian Health Service, or any other Federal
18	agency.
19	(6) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
20	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
21	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
22	Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
23	(7) Indigenous, native people.—The term
24	"indigenous, native people" means the lineal de-

1	scendants of the aboriginal, indigenous, native peo
2	ple of the United States.
3	(8) Interagency coordinating group.—The
4	term "Interagency Coordinating Group" means the
5	Native Hawaiian Interagency Coordinating Group
6	established under section 6.
7	(9) Native Hawaiian governing entity.—
8	The term "Native Hawaiian governing entity"
9	means the governing entity organized pursuant to
10	this Act by the qualified Native Hawaiian constitu
11	ents.
12	(10) Native Hawaiian membership organi
13	ZATION.—The term "Native Hawaiian membership
14	organization" means an organization that—
15	(A) serves and represents the interests of
16	Native Hawaiians, has as a primary and stated
17	purpose the provision of services to Native Ha
18	waiians, and has expertise in Native Hawaiian
19	affairs;
20	(B) has leaders who are elected democrat
21	ically, or selected through traditional Native
22	leadership practices, by members of the Native
23	Hawaiian community;

(C) advances the cause of Native Hawai-
ians culturally, socially, economically, or politi-
cally;
(D) is a membership organization or asso-
ciation; and
(E) has an accurate and reliable list of Na-
tive Hawaiian members.
(11) Office.—The term "Office" means the
United States Office of Hawaiian Relations estab-
lished by section 5(a).
(12) Qualified native hawahan con-
STITUENT.—For the purposes of establishing the
roll authorized under section 8, and prior to the rec-
ognition by the United States of the Native Hawai-
ian governing entity, the term "qualified Native Ha-
waiian constituent" means an individual who the
Commission determines has satisfied the following
criteria and who makes a written statement certi-
fying that he or she
(A) is—
(i) an individual who is 1 of the indig-
enous, native people of Hawaii and who is
a direct lineal descendant of the aboriginal,
indigenous, native people who—

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1	(I) resided in the islands that
2	now comprise the State of Hawaii on
3	or before January 1, 1893; and
4	(II) occupied and exercised sov-
5	ereignty in the Hawaiian archipelago,
6	including the area that now con-
7	stitutes the State of Hawaii; or
8	(ii) an individual who is 1 of the in-
9	digenous, native people of Hawaii and who
10	was eligible in 1921 for the programs au-
11	thorized by the Hawaiian Homes Commis-
12	sion Act, 1920 (42 Stat. 108, chapter 42),
13	or a direct lineal descendant of that indi-
14	vidual;
15	(B) wishes to participate in the reorganiza-
16	tion of the Native Hawaiian governing entity;
17	(C) is 18 years of age or older;
18	(D) is a citizen of the United States; and
19	(E) maintains a significant cultural, social,
20	or civic connection to the Native Hawaiian com-
21	munity, as evidenced by satisfying 2 or more of
22	the following 10 criteria:
23	(i) Resides in the State of Hawaii.
24	(ii) Resides outside the State of Ha-
25	waii and—

1	(1)(aa) currently serves or served
2	as (or has a parent or spouse who
3	currently serves or served as) a mem-
4	ber of the Armed Forces or as an em-
5	ployee of the Federal Government
6	and
7	(bb) resided in the State of Ha-
8	waii prior to the time he or she (or
9	such parent or spouse) left the State
10	of Hawaii to serve as a member of the
11	Armed Forces or as an employee of
12	the Federal Government; or
13	(II)(aa) currently is or was en-
14	rolled (or has a parent or spouse who
15	currently is or was enrolled) in an ac-
16	credited institution of higher edu-
17	cation outside the State of Hawaii
18	and
19	(bb) resided in the State of Ha-
20	waii prior to the time he or she (or
21	such parent or spouse) left the State
22	of Hawaii to attend such institution.
23	(iii)(I) Is or was eligible to be a bene-
24	ficiary of the programs authorized by the
25	Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920

1	(42 Stat. 108, chapter 42), and resides or
2	resided on land set aside as "Hawaiian
3	home lands", as defined in such Act; or
4	(II) Is a child or grandchild of an in-
5	dividual who is or was eligible to be a ben-
6	eficiary of the programs authorized by
7	such Act and who resides or resided on
8	land set aside as "Hawaiian home lands",
9	as defined in such Act.
10	(iv) Is or was eligible to be a bene-
11	ficiary of the programs authorized by the
12	Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920
13	(42 Stat. 108, chapter 42).
14	(v) Is a child or grandchild of an indi-
15	vidual who is or was eligible to be a bene-
16	ficiary of the programs authorized by the
17	Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920
18	(42 Stat. 108, chapter 42).
19	(vi) Resides on or has an ownership
20	interest in, or has a parent or grandparent
21	who resides on or has an ownership inter-
22	est in, "kuleana land" that is owned in
23	whole or in part by a person who, accord-
24	ing to a genealogy verification by the Of-
25	fice of Hawaiian Affairs or by court order,

I	is a lineal descendant of the person or per-
2	sons who received the original title to such
3	"kuleana land", defined as lands granted
4	to native tenants pursuant to Haw. L.
5	1850, p. 202, entitled "An Act Confirming
6	Certain Resolutions of the King and Privy
7	Council Passed on the 21st day of Decem-
8	ber, A.D. 1849, Granting to the Common
9	People Allodial Titles for Their Own Lands
10	and House Lots, and Certain Other Privi-
11	leges", as amended by Haw. L. 1851, p.
12	98, entitled "An Act to Amend An Act
13	Granting to the Common People Allodial
14	Titles for Their Own Lands and House
15	Lots, and Certain Other Privileges" and as
16	further amended by any subsequent legis-
17	lation.
18	(vii) Is, or is the child or grandchild
19	of, an individual who has been or was a
20	student for at least 1 school year at a
21	school or program taught through the me-
22	dium of the hawaiian language under sec-
23	tion 302H-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, or
24	at a school founded and operated primarily

1	or exclusively for the benefit of Native Ha-
2	waiians.
3	(viii) Has been a member since Sep-
4	tember 30, 2009, of at least 1 Native Ha-
5	waiian membership organization.
6	(ix) Has been a member since Sep-
7	tember 30, 2009, of at least 2 Native Ha-
8	waiian membership organizations.
9	(x) Is regarded as Native Hawaiian
10	and whose mother or father is (or if de-
11	ceased, was) regarded as Native Hawaiian
12	by the Native Hawaiian community, as evi-
13	denced by sworn affidavits from two or
14	more qualified Native Hawaiian constitu-
15	ents certified by the Commission as pos-
16	sessing expertise in the social, cultural
17	and civic affairs of the Native Hawaiian
18	community.
19	(13) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
20	means the Secretary of the Interior.
21	(14) Special political and legal rela-
22	TIONSHIP.—The term "special political and legal re-
23	lationship" shall refer, except where differences are
24	specifically indicated elsewhere in the Act, to the
25	type of and nature of relationship the United States

1	has with the several federally recognized Indian
2	tribes.
3	SEC. 4. UNITED STATES POLICY AND PURPOSE.
4	(a) Policy.—The United States reaffirms that—
5	(1) Native Hawaiians are a unique and distinct,
6	indigenous, native people with whom the United
7	States has a special political and legal relationship;
8	(2) the United States has a special political and
9	legal relationship with the Native Hawaiian people,
10	which includes promoting the welfare of Native Ha-
11	waiians;
12	(3)(A) Congress possesses and hereby exercises
13	the authority under the Constitution, including but
14	not limited to Article I, Section 8, Clause 3, to enact
15	legislation to better the conditions of Native Hawai-
16	ians and has exercised this authority through the en-
17	actment of—
18	(i) the Hawaiian Homes Commission
19	Act, 1920 (42 Stat. 108, chapter 42);
20	(ii) the Act entitled "an Act to pro-
21	vide for the admission of the State of Ha-
22	waii into the Union", approved March 18,
23	1959 (Public Law 86–3; 73 Stat. 4); and

1	(III) more than 150 other Federal laws
2	addressing the conditions of Native Hawai-
3	ians;
4	(B) other sources of authority under the
5	Constitution for legislation on behalf of the in-
6	digenous, native peoples of the United States,
7	including Native Hawaiians, include but are not
8	limited to the Property, Treaty, and Supremacy
9	Clauses, War Powers, and the Fourteenth
10	Amendment, and Congress hereby relies on
11	those powers in enacting this legislation; and
12	(C) the Constitution's original Apportion-
13	ment Clause and the 14th Amendment Citizen-
14	ship and amended Apportionment Clauses also
15	acknowledge the propriety of legislation on be-
16	half of the native peoples of the United States,
17	including Native Hawaiians;
18	(4) Native Hawaiians have—
19	(A) an inherent right to autonomy in their
20	internal affairs;
21	(B) an inherent right of self-determination
22	and self-governance;
23	(C) the right to reorganize a Native Ha-
24	waiian governing entity; and

1	(D) the right to become economically self-
2	sufficient; and
3	(5) the United States shall continue to engage
4	in a process of reconciliation and political relations
5	with the Native Hawaiian people.
6	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to provide
7	a process for the reorganization of the single Native Ha-
8	waiian governing entity and the reaffirmation of the spe-
9	cial political and legal relationship between the United
10	States and that Native Hawaiian governing entity for pur-
11	poses of continuing a government-to-government relation-
12	ship.
13	SEC. 5. UNITED STATES OFFICE OF HAWAIIAN RELATIONS.
14	(a) Establishment.—There is established within
15	the Office of the Secretary the United States Office of Ha-
16	waiian Relations.
17	(b) Duties.—The Office shall—
18	(1) continue the process of reconciliation with
19	the Native Hawaiian people in furtherance of the
20	Apology Resolution;
21	(2) upon the reaffirmation of the government-
22	to-government relationship between the single Native
23	Hawaiian governing entity and the United States,
24	effectuate and coordinate the special political and
25	legal relationship between the Native Hawaiian gov-

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erning entity and the United States through the Secretary, and with all other Federal agencies;

- (3) provide timely notice to, and consult with, the Native Hawaiian governing entity before taking any actions that may have the potential to significantly affect Native Hawaiian resources, rights, or lands;
- (4) work with the Interagency Coordinating Group, other Federal agencies, and the State of Hawaii on policies, practices, and proposed actions affecting Native Hawaiian resources, rights, or lands; and
- (5) prepare and submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives an annual report detailing the activities of the Interagency Coordinating Group that are undertaken with respect to the continuing process of reconciliation and to effect meaningful consultation with the Native Hawaiian governing entity and may provide recommendations for any necessary changes to Federal law or regulations promulgated under the authority of Federal law.

1	(c) Applicability to Department of De
2	FENSE.—This section shall have no applicability to the
3	Department of Defense or to any agency or component
4	of the Department of Defense, but the Secretary of De
5	fense may designate 1 or more officials as liaison to the
6	Office.
7	SEC. 6. NATIVE HAWAIIAN INTERAGENCY COORDINATING
8	GROUP.
9	(a) Establishment.—In recognition that Federa
10	programs authorized to address the conditions of Native
11	Hawaiians are largely administered by Federal agencies
12	other than the Department of the Interior, there is estab
13	lished an interagency coordinating group, to be known as
14	the "Native Hawaiian Interagency Coordinating Group"
15	(b) Composition.—The Interagency Coordinating
16	Group shall be composed of officials, to be designated by
17	the President, from—
18	(1) each Federal agency whose actions may sig
19	nificantly or uniquely impact Native Hawaiian pro
20	grams, resources, rights, or lands; and
21	(2) the Office.
22	(c) Lead Agency.—
23	(1) In general.—The Department of the Inte
24	rior and the White House Office of Intergovern

1	mental Affairs shall serve as the leaders of the
2	Interagency Coordinating Group.
3	(2) Meetings.—The Secretary shall convene
4	meetings of the Interagency Coordinating Group.
5	(d) Duties.—The Interagency Coordinating Group
6	shall—
7	(1) coordinate Federal programs and policies
8	that affect Native Hawaiians or actions by any agen-
9	cy or agencies of the Federal Government that may
10	significantly or uniquely affect Native Hawaiian re-
11	sources, rights, or lands;
12	(2) consult with the Native Hawaiian governing
13	entity, through the coordination referred to in para-
14	graph (1), but the consultation obligation established
15	in this provision shall apply only after the satisfac-
16	tion of all of the conditions referred to in section
17	8(e)(8); and
18	(3) ensure the participation of each Federal
19	agency in the development of the report to Congress
20	authorized in section $5(b)(5)$.
21	(e) Applicability to Department of De-
22	FENSE.—This section shall have no applicability to the
23	Department of Defense or to any agency or component
24	of the Department of Defense, but the Secretary of De-

fense may designate 1 or more officials as liaison to the 2 Interagency Coordinating Group. 3 SEC. 7. DESIGNATION OF DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE REP-4 RESENTATIVE. 5 The Attorney General shall designate an appropriate official within the Department of Justice to assist the Of-6 7 fice in the implementation and protection of the rights of 8 Native Hawaiians and their political and legal relationship with the United States, and upon the recognition of the 10 Native Hawaiian governing entity as provided for in sec-11 tion 8, in the implementation and protection of the rights 12 of the Native Hawaiian governing entity and its political 13 and legal relationship with the United States. 14 SEC. 8. PROCESS FOR REORGANIZATION OF NATIVE HA-15 WAIIAN GOVERNING ENTITY AND REAFFIR-16 MATION OF SPECIAL POLITICAL AND LEGAL 17 RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN UNITED STATES 18 AND NATIVE HAWAIIAN GOVERNING ENTITY. 19 (a) Recognition of Native Hawaiian Governing 20 Entity.—The right of the qualified Native Hawaiian con-21 stituents to reorganize the single Native Hawaiian gov-22 erning entity to provide for their common welfare and to 23 adopt appropriate organic governing documents is recog-24 nized by the United States.

25

(b) Commission.—

1	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be es-
2	tablished a Commission to be composed of 9 mem-
3	bers for the purposes of—
4	(A) preparing and maintaining a roll of
5	qualified Native Hawaiian constituents; and
6	(B) certifying that the individuals on the
7	roll of qualified Native Hawaiian constituents
8	meet the definition of qualified Native Hawai-
9	ian constituent set forth in section 3.
10	(2) Membership.—
11	(A) APPOINTMENT.—
12	(i) In general.—Not later than 180
13	days after the date of enactment of this
14	Act, the Secretary shall appoint the mem-
15	bers of the Commission in accordance with
16	subparagraph (B).
17	(ii) Consideration.—In making an
18	appointment under clause (i), the Sec-
19	retary may take into consideration a rec-
20	ommendation made by any Native Hawai-
21	ian membership organization or other enti-
22	ty with expertise and experience in the de-
23	termination of Native Hawaiian ancestry
24	and lineal descendancy.

1	(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Each member of
2	the Commission shall demonstrate, as deter-
3	mined by the Secretary—
4	(i) not less than 10 years of experi-
5	ence in the study and determination of Na-
6	tive Hawaiian genealogy (traditional cul-
7	tural experience shall be given due consid-
8	eration); and
9	(ii) an ability to read and translate
10	into English documents written in the Ha-
11	waiian language.
12	(C) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the Com-
13	mission—
14	(i) shall not affect the powers of the
15	Commission; and
16	(ii) shall be filled in the same manner
17	as the original appointment.
18	(3) Expenses.—Each member of the Commis-
19	sion shall be allowed travel expenses, including per
20	diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for
21	employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter
22	57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from
23	their homes or regular places of business in the per-
24	formance of services for the Commission.
25	(4) Duties.—The Commission shall—

1	(A) prepare and maintain a roll of quali-
2	fied Native Hawaiian constituents as set forth
3	in subsection (e); and
4	(B) certify that the individuals on the roll
5	of qualified Native Hawaiian constituents meet
6	the definition of that term as set forth in sec-
7	tion 3.
8	(5) Staff.—
9	(A) In General.—The Commission may,
10	without regard to the civil service laws (includ-
11	ing regulations), appoint and terminate an exec-
12	utive director and such other additional per-
13	sonnel as are necessary to enable the Commis-
14	sion to perform the duties of the Commission.
15	(B) Compensation.—
16	(i) In general.—Except as provided
17	in clause (ii), the Commission may fix the
18	compensation of the executive director and
19	other personnel without regard to the pro-
20	visions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of
21	chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code,
22	relating to classification of positions and
23	General Schedule pay rates.
24	(ii) Maximum rate of pay.—The
25	rate of pay for the executive director and

1	other personnel shall not exceed the rate
2	payable for level V of the Executive Sched-
3	ule under section 5316 of title 5, United
4	States Code.
5	(6) Detail of federal government em-
6	PLOYEES.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—An employee of the
8	Federal Government may be detailed to the
9	Commission without reimbursement.
10	(B) CIVIL SERVICE STATUS.—The detail of
11	the employee shall be without interruption or
12	loss of civil service status or privilege.
13	(7) Procurement of Temporary and inter-
14	MITTENT SERVICES.—The Commission may procure
15	temporary and intermittent services in accordance
16	with section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code
17	at rates for individuals that do not exceed the daily
18	equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed
19	for level V of the Executive Schedule under section
20	5316 of that title.
21	(8) Expiration.—The Secretary shall dissolve
22	the Commission upon the reaffirmation of the spe-
23	cial political and legal relationship between the Na-
24	tive Hawaiian governing entity and the United
25	States.

1	(c) Process for Reorganization of Native Ha-
2	WAIIAN GOVERNING ENTITY.—
3	(1) Roll.—
4	(A) Contents.—The roll shall include the
5	names of the qualified Native Hawaiian con-
6	stituents who are certified by the Commission
7	to be qualified Native Hawaiian constituents, as
8	defined in section 3.
9	(B) FORMATION OF ROLL.—Each indi-
10	vidual claiming to be a qualified Native Hawai-
11	ian constituent shall submit to the Commission
12	documentation in the form established by the
13	Commission that is sufficient to enable the
14	Commission to determine whether the individual
15	meets the definition set forth in section 3; pro-
16	vided that an individual presenting evidence
17	that he or she satisfies the definition in Section
18	2 of Public Law 103–150 shall be presumed to
19	meet the requirement of section 3(12)(A)(i).
20	(C) Documentation.—The Commission
21	shall—
22	(i)(I) identify the types of documenta-
23	tion that may be submitted to the Commis-
24	sion that would enable the Commission to
25	determine whether an individual meets the

1	definition of qualified Native Hawaiian
2	constituent set forth in section 3.
3	(II) recognize an individual's identi-
4	fication of lineal ancestors on the 1890
5	Census by the Kingdom of Hawaii as a re-
6	liable indicia of lineal descent from the ab-
7	original, indigenous, native people who re-
8	sided in the islands that now comprise the
9	State of Hawaii on or before January 1,
10	1893; and
11	(III) permit elderly Native Hawaiians
12	and other qualified Native Hawaiian con-
13	stituents lacking birth certificates or other
14	documentation due to birth on Hawaiian
15	Home Lands or other similar cir-
16	cumstances to establish lineal descent by
17	sworn affidavits from 2 or more qualified
18	Native Hawaiian constituents;
19	(ii) establish a standard format for
20	the submission of documentation and a
21	process to ensure veracity; and
22	(iii) publish information related to
23	clauses (i) and (ii) in the Federal Register.
24	(D) Consultation.—In making deter-
25	minations that each individual proposed for in-

1	clusion on the roll of qualified Native Hawaiian
2	constituents meets the definition of qualified
3	Native Hawaiian constituent in section 3, the
4	Commission may consult with bona fide Native
5	Hawaiian membership organizations, agencies
6	of the State of Hawaii, including but not lim-
7	ited to, the Department of Hawaiian Home
8	Lands, the Office of Hawaiian Affairs, and the
9	State Department of Health, and other entities
10	with expertise and experience in the determina-
11	tion of Native Hawaiian ancestry and lineal
12	descendancy.
13	(E) Notification.—The Commission
14	shall—
15	(i) inform an individual whether they
16	have been deemed by the Commission a
17	qualified Native Hawaiian constituent; and
18	(ii) inform an individual of a right to
19	appeal the decision if deemed not to be a
20	qualified Native Hawaiian constituent.
21	(F) CERTIFICATION AND SUBMITTAL OF
22	ROLL TO SECRETARY.—The Commission
23	shall—
24	(i) submit the roll containing the
25	names of those individuals who meet the

I	definition of qualified Native Hawaiian
2	constituent in section 3 to the Secretary
3	within 2 years from the date on which the
4	Commission is fully composed; and
5	(ii) certify to the Secretary that each
6	of the qualified Native Hawaiian constitu-
7	ents proposed for inclusion on the roll
8	meets the definition set forth in section 3.
9	(G) Publication.—Upon certification by
10	the Commission to the Secretary that those list-
11	ed on the roll meet the definition of qualified
12	Native Hawaiian constituent set forth in section
13	3, the Commission shall publish the notice of
14	the certification of the roll in the Federal Reg-
15	ister, notwithstanding pending appeals pursuant
16	to subparagraph (H).
17	(H) Appeal.—The Secretary, in consulta-
18	tion with the Commission, shall establish a
19	mechanism for an administrative appeal for any
20	person whose name is excluded from the roll
21	who claims to meet the definition of qualified
22	Native Hawaiian constituent in section 3.
23	(I) Publication; update.—The Commis-
24	sion shall—

1	(i) publish the notice of the certifi-
2	cation of the roll regardless of whether ap-
3	peals are pending;
4	(ii) update the roll and provide notice
5	of the updated roll on the final disposition
6	of any appeal;
7	(iii) update the roll to include any
8	person who has been certified by the Com-
9	mission as meeting the definition of quali-
10	fied Native Hawaiian constituent in section
11	3 after the initial publication of the roll or
12	after any subsequent publications of the
13	roll; and
14	(iv) provide a copy of the roll and any
15	updated rolls to the Council.
16	(J) Effect of publication.—The publi-
17	cation of the initial and updated roll shall serve
18	as the basis for the eligibility of qualified Na-
19	tive Hawaiian constituents whose names are
20	listed on those rolls to participate in the reorga-
21	nization of the Native Hawaiian governing enti-
22	ty.
23	(2) Organization of council.—
24	(A) Organization.—The Commission, in
25	consultation with the Secretary, shall hold a

I	minimum of 3 meetings, and each meeting shall
2	be at least 2 working days, of the qualified Na-
3	tive Hawaiian constituents listed on the roll es-
4	tablished under this section—
5	(i) to develop criteria for candidates
6	to be elected to serve on the Council;
7	(ii) to determine the structure of the
8	Council, including the number of Council
9	members; and
10	(iii) to elect members from individuals
11	listed on the roll established under this
12	subsection to the Council.
13	(B) Powers.—
14	(i) IN GENERAL.—The Council—
15	(I) shall represent those listed on
16	the roll established under this section
17	in the implementation of this Act; and
18	(II) shall have no powers other
19	than powers given to the Council
20	under this Act.
21	(ii) Funding.—The Council may
22	enter into a contract with, or obtain a
23	grant from, any Federal or State agency to
24	carry out clause (iii).
25	(iii) Activities.—

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1	(I) In General.—The Council
2	shall conduct, among the qualified
3	Native Hawaiian constituents listed
4	on the roll established under this sub-
5	section, a referendum for the purpose
6	of determining the proposed elements
7	of the organic governing documents of
8	the Native Hawaiian governing entity,
9	including but not limited to
10	(aa) the proposed criteria
11	for future membership in the Na-
12	tive Hawaiian governing entity,
13	provided that membership is vol-
14	untary and can be relinquished;
15	(bb) the proposed powers
16	and authorities to be exercised by
17	the Native Hawaiian governing
18	entity, as well as the proposed
19	privileges and immunities of the
20	Native Hawaiian governing enti-
21	ty;
22	(cc) the proposed civil rights
23	and protection of the rights of
24	the citizens of the Native Hawai-
25	ian governing entity and all per-

1	sons affected by the exercise of
2	governmental powers and au-
3	thorities of the Native Hawaiian
4	governing entity, including the
5	rights protected under section
6	202 of the Indian Civil Rights
7	Act of 1968 (25 U.S.C. 1302);
8	(dd) the protection and pres-
9	ervation of the rights vested on
10	the date of enactment of this Act
11	of those Native Hawaiians who
12	are eligible to reside on the Ha-
13	waiian homelands under the au-
14	thority of the Hawaiian Homes
15	Commission Act, 1920 (42 Stat.
16	108, chapter 42); and
17	(ee) other issues determined
18	appropriate by the Council.
19	(II) DEVELOPMENT OF ORGANIC
20	GOVERNING DOCUMENTS.—Based on
21	the referendum, the Council shall de-
22	velop proposed organic governing doc-
23	uments for the Native Hawaiian gov-
24	erning entity and may seek technical
25	assistance from the Secretary on the

1	draft organic governing documents to
2	ensure that the draft organic gov-
3	erning documents comply with this
4	Act and other Federal law.
5	(III) DISTRIBUTION.—The Coun-
6	cil shall publish to all qualified Native
7	Hawaiian constituents of the Native
8	Hawaiian governing entity listed on
9	the roll published under this sub-
10	section notice of the availability of—
11	(aa) a copy of the proposed
12	organic governing documents, as
13	drafted by the Council; and
14	(bb) a brief impartial de-
15	scription of the proposed organic
16	governing documents;
17	(IV) ELECTIONS.—
18	(aa) In General.—Not
19	sooner than 180 days after the
20	proposed organic governing docu-
21	ments are drafted and distrib-
22	uted, the Council, with the assist-
23	ance of the Secretary, shall hold
24	elections for the purpose of rati-

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1	fying the proposed organic gov-
2	erning documents.
3	(bb) Purpose.—The Coun-
4	cil, with the assistance of the
5	Secretary, shall hold the election
6	for the purpose of ratifying the
7	proposed organic governing docu-
8	ments 60 days after publishing
9	notice of an election.
10	(cc) Officers.—On certifi-
11	cation of the organic governing
12	documents by the Secretary in
13	accordance with paragraph (4)
14	the Council, with the assistance
15	of the Secretary, shall hold elec-
16	tions of the officers of the Native
17	Hawaiian governing entity pursu-
18	ant to paragraph (5).
19	(3) Submittal of organic governing docu-
20	MENTS.—Following the reorganization of the Native
21	Hawaiian governing entity and the adoption of or-
22	ganic governing documents, the Council shall submit
23	the organic governing documents of the Native Ha-
24	waiian governing entity to the Secretary.
25	(4) CERTIFICATIONS —

1	(A) In general.—Within the context of
2	the future negotiations to be conducted under
3	the authority of section 9(c)(1), and the subse-
4	quent actions by the Congress and the State of
5	Hawaii to enact legislation to implement the
6	agreements of the 3 governments, not later
7	than 180 days, which may be extended an addi-
8	tional 90 days if the Secretary deems necessary,
9	after the date on which the Council submits the
10	organic governing documents to the Secretary,
11	the Secretary shall certify or decline to certify
12	that the organic governing documents—
13	(i) establish the criteria for member-
14	ship in the Native Hawaiian governing en-
15	tity and provide that membership is vol-
16	untary and can be relinquished;
17	(ii) were adopted by a majority vote of
18	those qualified Native Hawaiian constitu-
19	ents whose names are listed on the roll
20	published by the Secretary and who voted
21	in the election;
22	(iii) provide authority for the Native
23	Hawaiian governing entity to negotiate
24	with Federal, State, and local govern-
25	ments, and other entities;

I	(iv) provide for the exercise of inher-
2	ent and other appropriate governmental
3	authorities by the Native Hawaiian gov-
4	erning entity;
5	(v) prevent the sale, disposition, lease,
6	or encumbrance of lands, interests in
7	lands, or other assets of the Native Hawai-
8	ian governing entity without the consent of
9	the Native Hawaiian governing entity;
10	(vi) provide for the protection of the
11	civil rights of the citizens of the Native
12	Hawaiian governing entity and all persons
13	affected by the exercise of governmental
14	powers and authorities by the Native Ha-
15	waiian governing entity, including the
16	rights protected under section 202 of the
17	Indian Civil Rights Act of 1968 (25 U.S.C.
18	1302);
19	(vii) provide for the protection and
20	preservation of the rights vested on the
21	date of enactment of this Act of those Na-
22	tive Hawaiians who are eligible to reside
23	on the Hawaiian homelands under the au-
24	thority of the Hawaiian Homes Commis-

1	sion Act, 1920 (42 Stat. 108, chapter 42);
2	and
3	(viii) are consistent with applicable
4	Federal law.
5	(B) RESUBMISSION IN CASE OF NON-
6	COMPLIANCE.—
7	(i) Resubmission by the sec-
8	RETARY.—If the Secretary determines that
9	the organic governing documents, or any
10	part of the documents, do not meet all of
11	the requirements set forth in subparagraph
12	(A), the Secretary shall resubmit the or-
13	ganic governing documents to the Council,
14	along with a justification for each of the
15	Secretary's findings as to why the provi-
16	sions are not in full compliance.
17	(ii) Amendment and resubmission
18	OF ORGANIC GOVERNING DOCUMENTS.—If
19	the organic governing documents are re-
20	submitted to the Council by the Secretary
21	under clause (i), the Council shall—
22	(I) amend the organic governing
23	documents to ensure that the docu-
24	ments meet all the requirements set
25	forth in subparagraph (A); and

1	(II) resubmit the amended or-
2	ganic governing documents to the Sec-
3	retary for certification in accordance
4	with this paragraph.
5	(C) CERTIFICATIONS DEEMED MADE.—
6	The certifications under this paragraph shall be
7	deemed to have been made if the Secretary has
8	not acted within 180 days after the date on
9	which the Council has submitted the organic
10	governing documents of the Native Hawaiian
11	governing entity to the Secretary.
12	(5) Elections.—On completion of the certifi-
13	cations by the Secretary under paragraph (4), the
14	Council, with the assistance of the Secretary, shall
15	hold elections of the officers of the Native Hawaiian
16	governing entity.
17	(6) Provision of Roll.—The Council shall
18	provide a copy of the roll of qualified Native Hawai-
19	ian constituents to the governing body of the Native
20	Hawaiian governing entity.
21	(7) TERMINATION.—The Council shall cease to
22	exist and shall have no power or authority under
23	this Act after the officers of the governing body who
24	are elected as provided in paragraph (5) are in-
25	stalled.

1	(8) Reaffirmation.—Notwithstanding any
2	other provision of law, the special political and legal
3	relationship between the United States and the Na-
4	tive Hawaiian people is hereby reaffirmed and the
5	United States extends Federal recognition to the
6	Native Hawaiian governing entity as the representa-
7	tive sovereign governing body of the Native Hawai-
8	ian people after—
9	(A) the approval of the organic governing
10	documents by the Secretary under subpara-
11	graph (A) or (C) of paragraph (4); and
12	(B) the officers of the Native Hawaiian
13	governing entity elected under paragraph (5)
14	have been installed.
15	SEC. 9. REAFFIRMATION OF DELEGATION OF FEDERAL AU
16	THORITY TO STATE OF HAWAII; GOVERN
17	MENTAL AUTHORITY AND POWER; NEGOTIA
18	TIONS; CLAIMS.
19	(a) Reaffirmation.—The delegation by the United
19 20	(a) REAFFIRMATION.—The delegation by the United States of authority to the State of Hawaii to address the
20	States of authority to the State of Hawaii to address the
20 21	States of authority to the State of Hawaii to address the conditions of the indigenous, native people of Hawaii con-
202122	States of authority to the State of Hawaii to address the conditions of the indigenous, native people of Hawaii contained in the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the address that the conditions of the indigenous of the indige

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(b) GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY AND POWER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the policies of the United States set forth in section 4(a)(4), the Native Hawaiian governing entity shall be vested with the inherent powers and privileges of self-government of a native government under existing law, except as set forth in this Act. Said powers and privileges may be modified by agreement between the Native Hawaiian governing entity, the United States, and the State of Hawaii pursuant to the negotiations authorized in subsection (c)(1), and subject to the enactment of implementing legislation and to the limit described by section 10(a).

(2) Membership.—Once the United States extends Federal recognition to the Native Hawaiian governing entity, the United States will recognize and affirm the Native Hawaiian governing entity's inherent power and authority to determine its own membership criteria, to determine its own membership, and to grant, deny, revoke, or qualify membership without regard to whether any person was or was not deemed to be a qualified Native Hawaiian constituent under this Act. The Native Hawaiian governing entity must provide that membership in

1	the Native Hawaiian governing entity is voluntary
2	and can be relinquished.
3	(c) Negotiations.—
4	(1) In general.—Upon the reaffirmation of
5	the special political and legal relationship between
6	the United States and the Native Hawaiian gov-
7	erning entity, the United States and the State of
8	Hawaii may enter into negotiations with the Native
9	Hawaiian governing entity designed to lead to an
10	agreement or agreements addressing such matters
11	as—
12	(A) the transfer of State of Hawaii lands
13	and surplus Federal lands, natural resources
14	and other assets, and the protection of existing
15	rights related to such lands or resources;
16	(B) the exercise of governmental authority
17	over any transferred lands, natural resources,
18	and other assets, including land use;
19	(C) the exercise of civil and criminal juris-
20	diction;
21	(D) the exercise of the authority to tax and
22	other powers and authorities that are recog-
23	nized by the United States as powers and au-
24	thorities typically exercised by governments rep-

1	resenting indigenous, native people of the
2	United States;
3	(E) any residual responsibilities of the
4	United States and the State of Hawaii; and
5	(F) grievances regarding assertions of his-
6	torical wrongs committed against Native Ha-
7	waiians by the United States or by the State of
8	Hawaii.
9	(2) Amendments to existing laws.—Upon
10	agreement on any matter or matters negotiated with
11	the United States or the State of Hawaii, and the
12	Native Hawaiian governing entity, the parties may
13	submit—
14	(A) to the Committee on Indian Affairs of
15	the Senate, the Committee on Energy and Nat-
16	ural Resources of the Senate, and the Com-
17	mittee on Natural Resources of the House of
18	Representatives recommendations for proposed
19	amendments to Federal law that will enable the
20	implementation of agreements reached between
21	the governments; and
22	(B) to the Governor and the legislature of
23	the State of Hawaii, recommendations for pro-
24	posed amendments to State law that will enable

1	the implementation of agreements reached be-
2	tween the governments.
3	(3) During the period between the reaffirmation
4	of the special political and legal relationship between
5	the United States and the Native Hawaiian gov-
6	erning entity, and the subsequent enactment of leg-
7	islation to implement the agreement or agreements
8	negotiated under paragraph (1):
9	(A) There shall be no Indian country with-
10	in the State of Hawaii.
11	(B) The United States shall not take land
12	in trust for the benefit of the Native Hawaiian
13	governing entity or for the benefit of members
14	of the Native Hawaiian governing entity.
15	(C) The United States shall not restrict
16	the alienability of land owned by the Native Ha-
17	waiian governing entity.
18	(D) Members of the Native Hawaiian gov-
19	erning entity shall continue to be subject to the
20	civil and criminal jurisdiction of Federal and
21	State courts.
22	(E) Nothing in this Act alters or preempts
23	the existing legislative, regulatory, or taxation
24	authority of the State of Hawaii over individ-
25	uals who are members of the Native Hawaiian

1	governing entity or over property owned by
2	those individuals.
3	(F) The Native Hawaiian governing entity
4	shall not exercise criminal, civil, adjudicative
5	legislative, regulatory, or taxation authority or
6	jurisdiction over individuals who are not mem-
7	bers of the Native Hawaiian governing entity
8	without their express consent.
9	(G) The Native Hawaiian governing entity
10	shall not exercise criminal, civil, adjudicative
11	legislative, regulatory, or taxation authority or
12	jurisdiction over corporations or other associa-
13	tions or entities that are owned wholly or in
14	majority part by persons who are not members
15	of the Native Hawaiian governing entity with
16	out their express consent.
17	(H) The Native Hawaiian governing entity
18	shall be immune from any lawsuit in any Fed-
19	eral or State court, with the exception described
20	in section $10(c)(3)$ and the exceptions set forth
21	in clauses (i) through (iv) of this subparagraph
22	(i) The Native Hawaiian governing
23	entity may waive its sovereign immunity
24	provided that it does so clearly and un-
25	equivocally.

1	(ii) The Native Hawaiian governing
2	entity shall not be immune from any law-
3	suit brought by the United States in any
4	Federal court.
5	(iii) The Native Hawaiian governing
6	entity shall not be immune from any law-
7	suit brought by the State of Hawaii to en-
8	force the regulatory authority of the State
9	recognized in this Act.
10	(iv) Real property owned in fee simple
11	by the Native Hawaiian governing entity
12	shall not be immune from any in rem ac-
13	tion filed by the State of Hawaii.
14	(I) Governmental, nonbusiness, non-
15	commercial activities undertaken by the Native
16	Hawaiian governing entity, or by a corporation
17	or other association or entity wholly owned by
18	the Native Hawaiian governing entity, shall not
19	be subject to the regulatory or taxation author-
20	ity of the State of Hawaii, except such activities
21	shall be subject to the authority of the State to
22	regulate activities for the protection of the pub-
23	lic health or safety until such time as the Na-
24	tive Hawaiian governing entity and the State of
25	Hawaii come to an interim agreement approved

by the Secretary governing the extent of such 1 2 regulation based on a determination by the Sec-3 retary that the interim agreement is consistent 4 with applicable Federal law. 5 (J) Commercial or business activities un-6 dertaken by the Native Hawaiian governing en-7 tity, or by a corporation or other association or 8 entity owned, operated, or sponsored by the Na-9 tive Hawaiian governing entity, shall be subject 10 to the regulatory and taxation authority of the 11 State of Hawaii to the same extent as commer-12 cial or business activities undertaken by others. 13 (K) Subject to subparagraph (I), activities 14 conducted on real property owned by, leased by, 15 or subject to the control of the Native Hawaiian 16 governing entity shall be subject to the regu-17 latory and taxation authority of the State of 18 Hawaii to the same extent as activities con-19 ducted on real property owned by, leased by, or 20 subject to the control of others. 21 (L) Subject to subparagraph (O), real 22 property owned by, leased by, or subject to the 23 control of the Native Hawaiian governing enti-24 ty, and development of such property, shall be 25 subject to the regulatory and taxation authority

1 of the State of Hawaii to the same extent as 2 real property owned by, leased by, or subject to 3 the control of others. 4 (M) Any commercial or business corpora-5 tion or other commercial or business association 6 or entity owned, operated, or sponsored by the 7 Native Hawaiian governing entity shall be sub-8 ject to the regulatory and taxation authority of 9 the State of Hawaii to the same extent as com-10 mercial and business corporations and other 11 commercial and business associations and enti-12 ties owned, operated, or sponsored by others. 13 (N) Any specific power, authority, or re-14 striction set forth in this paragraph shall expire 15 upon enactment of legislation that implements 16 an agreement or agreements negotiated under 17 paragraph (1) and that expressly replaces or al-18 ters such power, authority, or restriction. 19 (O) Nothing in this paragraph diminishes 20 any right or immunity (including any immunity 21 from State or local taxation) granted to Native 22 Hawaiians or their property by the Hawaiian 23 Homes Commission Act, 1920 (42 Stat. 108, 24 chapter 42), the Act entitled "An Act to pro-25 vide for the admission of the State of Hawaii

1	into the Union", approved March 18, 1959
2	(Public Law 86–3; 73 Stat. 4), or sections
3	10001 through 10004 of the Department of
4	Defense Appropriations Act, 1994 (sections
5	10001 through 10004 of Public Law 103–139;
6	107 Stat. 1418, 1480 (1993)).
7	(P) Notwithstanding any other provision of
8	this Act—
9	(i) the officers and employees of the
10	Native Hawaiian governing entity shall not
11	be immune from the criminal laws of the
12	State of Hawaii; and
13	(ii) the State of Hawaii shall retain
14	its authority to prosecute any violation of
15	the criminal laws of the State.
16	(4) Nothing in paragraph (3) should be inter-
17	preted as establishing any presumption about the
18	powers or authorities that could properly be exer-
19	cised by the United States, the State of Hawaii, or
20	the Native Hawaiian governing entity after further
21	legislation, including legislation enacted to imple-
22	ment any agreement negotiated under this sub-
23	section.
24	(d) Claims.—Nothing in this Act—

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(1) alters existing law, including case law, regarding obligations of the United States or the State of Hawaii relating to events or actions that occurred prior to recognition of the Native Hawaiian governing entity;

(2) creates, enlarges, revives, modifies, diminishes, extinguishes, waives, or otherwise alters any Federal or State claim or cause of action against the United States or its officers or the State of Hawaii or its officers or any other person or entity, or any defense (including the defense of statute of limitations) to any such claim or cause of action, except in the case of claims or causes of action challenging the constitutionality or legality of programs benefitting Native Hawaiians to the extent that this Act creates or enlarges any defense to any such claim or cause of action;

(3) amends section 2409a of title 28, United States Code (commonly known as the "Quiet Title Act"), chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code (commonly known as the "Federal Tort Claims Act"), section 1491 of title 28, United States Code (commonly known as the "Tucker Act"), section 1505 of title 28, United States Code (commonly known as the "Indian Tucker Act"), the Hawaii Or-

1 ganic Act (31 Stat. 141), or any other Federal stat-2 ute, except as expressly amended by this Act; or 3 (4) alters the sovereign immunity of the United 4 States or of the State of Hawaii. 5 SEC. 10. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN FEDERAL LAWS. 6 (a) Indian Gaming Regulatory Act.— 7 (1) In General.—The Native Hawaiian gov-8 erning entity and Native Hawaiians may not con-9 duct gaming activities as a matter of claimed inher-10 ent authority or under the authority of any Federal 11 law, including the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act 12 (25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.) or under any regulations 13 thereunder promulgated by the Secretary or the Na-14 tional Indian Gaming Commission. 15 (2) APPLICABILITY.—The prohibition contained 16 in paragraph (1) regarding the use of Indian Gam-17 ing Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.) and in-18 herent authority to game applies regardless of 19 whether gaming by Native Hawaiians or the Native 20 Hawaiian governing entity would be located on land 21 within the State of Hawaii or within any other State 22 or territory of the United States. 23 (b) SINGLE GOVERNING ENTITY.—This Act will result in the recognition of the single Native Hawaiian gov-25 erning entity. Additional Native Hawaiian groups shall not

1 be eligible for acknowledgment pursuant to the Federal

- 2 Acknowledgment Process set forth in part 83 of title 25,
- 3 Code of Federal Regulations, or any other administrative
- 4 acknowledgment or recognition process.

- 5 (c) Indian Programs, Services, and Laws.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, nothing in this Act extends eligibility for any Indian program or service to the Native Hawaiian governing entity or its members unless a statute governing such a program or service expressly provides that Native Hawaiians or the Native Hawaiian governing entity is eligible for such program or service. Nothing in this Act affects the eligibility of any person for any program or service under any statute or law in effect before the date of enactment of this Act.
 - (2) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER TERMS.—Subject to paragraph (3), in Federal statutes or regulations in force prior to the United States recognition of the Native Hawaiian governing entity, the terms "Indian" and "Native American", and references to Indian tribes, bands, nations, pueblos, villages, or other organized groups or communities, shall not apply to the Native Hawaiian governing entity or its members, unless the Federal statute or regulation

1 expressly applies to Native Hawaiians or the Native 2 Hawaiian governing entity.

- 3 (3) Indian civil rights act of 1968.—The 4 Council and the Native Hawaiian governing entity 5 shall be subject to sections 201 through 203 of the 6 Indian Civil Rights Act of 1968 (25 U.S.C. 1301– 7 1303). Nothing in such Act, and nothing in this 8 paragraph, shall be interpreted to expand the powers 9 and authorities of the Council or the Native Hawai-10 ian governing entity that are described elsewhere in this Act.
- 12 (d) Real Property Transfers.—Section 2116 of 13 the Revised Statutes (commonly known as the "Indian
- 14 Trade and Intercourse Act") (25 U.S.C. 177) does not
- 15 apply to any purchase, grant, lease, or other conveyance
- of lands, or of any title or claim thereto, from Native Ha-16
- 17 waiians, Native Hawaiian entities, or the Kingdom of Ha-
- 18 waii that occurred prior to the date of the United States'
- 19 recognition of the Native Hawaiian governing entity.

20 SEC. 11. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

11

- 21 Nothing in this Act impliedly amends, repeals, super-
- 22 sedes, abrogates, or overrules any provision of Federal
- 23 law, including case law, affecting the privileges, immuni-
- ties, powers, authorities, or jurisdiction of any Indian tribe
- 25 outside the State of Hawaii.

1 SEC. 12. SEVERABILITY.

- 2 If any section or provision of this Act is held invalid,
- 3 it is the intent of Congress that the remaining sections
- 4 or provisions shall continue in full force and effect.

5 SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 6 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 7 as are necessary to carry out this Act.